Warwick Bar - Audible City: Site Survey

Interim Report 10 October 2006

Preface

Context for work

This report is an interim report setting out the work that we have undertaken to date as Lead Artists for the Warwick Bar Masterplan.

We have approached this stage of the research as a survey of the site from the perspective of sound. We see the next phase of our involvement in the project as developing this initial research and making proposals based on the findings in this report.

The report will be presented to the Architects Kinetic AIU at 2.00pm on 10 October 2006

Liminal will also make a presentation to the stakeholders at 4.00pm on 10 October 2006 which will included PROJECT coordinator Alastair Snow and ISIS Project Manager Nick Bird.

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Site Survey

Introduction

As lead-artists for a new urban development in Warwick Bar, Birmingham, we have been invited by MADE (Midlands Architecture and the Designed Environment) to work closely with Architects Kinetic AlU in the development of the masterplan for the area. This report will outline the research that we have carried out so far.

We have begun our contribution to this project by undertaking a survey of the site from the perspective of sound. Planners and architects have traditionally surveyed their sites focussing primarily on topography, while also acknowledging its social and historical context. Acoustical concerns, if they are considered at all, are rarely addressed outside the context of the most utilitarian issues of noise limitation and isolation. Our survey begins with the premise that soundscapes have a more important role in our urban geographies and that the sustainability of any future development is dependent on a rigorous understanding of the sonic character of the site, its history and potential for further intervention.

The Soundscape

The Warwick Bar site itself is of considerable historical significance to the industrial development of the city. It is surrounded on three sides by water; hosting the River Rea and the intersection of the Digbeth Branch Canal and the Grand Union Canal. Much of the site's sonic history is lost and largely dismissed by its current occupants but just as listed buildings are protected by the state and other aspects of the site's physical history are considered to be 'assets' by enlightened developers, we see our primary role in this initial stage of the development as raising the status of the history of the soundscape of the site to a level where it might actively influence the development of the masterplan. Any future contribution we make to the direction to the masterplan will be based on an understanding of the site gained through the work we have done here.

Soundwalking

We were keen to ensure that initial investigations of the site incorporated a rigorous historical and social perspective as well as exploring the soundscape as it now is and amongst other techniques, the practice of soundwalking presented itself as a valuable research tool. We have used soundwalking in three different ways; first as a personal investigation of the site, second as a way of introducing the architects to new ways of hearing the city and lastly as a technique that has led to a pre-recorded, downloadable programme which was presented as a work in its own right at the ArtsFest in Birmingham on 8th and 9th September 2006.

The first and second phases of our walks drew upon techniques developed by R. Murray Schaeffer and Barry Truax et al from the original Vancouver Soundscape project, involving direct participation between ourselves and those doing the walk (architects, developers and in the future, the general public). We are primarily interested in facilitating the making of a space to hear, devising appropriate cues to stimulate active listening and providing a suitable means for documenting the outcomes of the walks through sound recordings, texts and other mapping processes.

Noise Mapping

This stage of our research has also been accompanied by the use of more conventional, quantitative 'noise mapping' techniques which are being undertaken in collaboration with the city council. In 1998 Birmingham developed its own Road Traffic Noise Map in response to the EU directive on Noise, and by using the data that is available to the City Council as well as identifying the current noise levels across the site, it is possible to predict the noise levels that the future development may present to its inhabitants during the day, evening and night time periods.

Tranquility

The Warwick Bar soundscape is unique. Surrounded on 3 sides by water it is known as a distinctive, tranquil sound environment. In part, this is due to the juxtaposition of the road traffic noise from Fazeley Street and the relative quiet of the canals. When on the canal, the soundscape has a notable sense of space and clarity; individual elements of the natural soundscape can be easily identified in isolation while the louder sounds of industry are at a great enough distance not to dominate or obscure. Industrial sound is nevertheless a tangible presence around the site, but in the context of this relatively balanced soundscape, many of these sounds serve to lend a sense of place, offering valued soundmarks which contribute to the character and identity of the site. By contrast, the high level of road traffic noise on Fazeley Street masks the sounds of industry leaving the auditor isolated from the context they find themselves in.

Conclusion

By considering how the materials collected through our site analysis techniques of sensory mapping and soundwalking, we might not only identify important soundmarks that should be kept, enhanced or even reinstated, but also raise the status of sound so that it might become a principle influence on the design of the project.

Personal Investigations of Site

Introduction

We began our exploration of the site by looking at the historical and present day Sound-marks that we could identify on the site from ordnance survey maps from 1890, 1905, 1918 and the present day.

Historical soundmarks

We identified a series of buildings and features that have been demolished, filled in or misplaced and identified the soundmarks that were associated with these places. Some of the most significant of these include:

- Fazeley Street Tramway (1918)
- Basins in Warwick Wharf (filled in)
- River Rea culvert
- Cattle drive on the cattle path from Fazeley Station and Banbury Wharf to the Bull Ring

Present day soundmarks

Soundmarks that were significant to the present day site included:

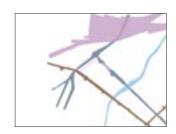
- The proof house gun testing
- The natural soundscape associated with the canals and river
- The distant sound of trains
- The sound of the cement works
- The sound of bats (although beyond our hearing)
- The sound of the Black Redhatch
- The 'silent' water of the canal
- The noise of traffic on Fazeley Street
- The bells of St Martins



Soundmarks



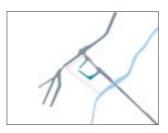
Site boundary and river before it was culverted



Existing railway dominates the site



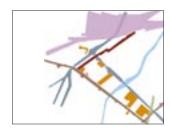
Elements that are now missing from the site



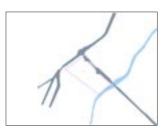
Original canal with basins in the Warwick Wharf



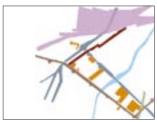
Originally their was a railway onto Banbury Wharf.The Viaduct next to Great Barr Street was never used.



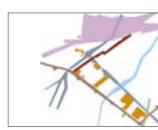
Site as it currently is



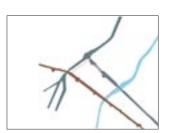
Current waterways surrounding the site



Listed buildings on and around the site



Demolished buildings shown in orange



Site bounded by the waterways and Fazeley Street



Ways of Hearing - Four Points Soundwalk

Introduction

The Four Points Soundwalk was originally conceived for the picnic arranged by MADE between liminal and the architects Kinetic. Jayne Bradley asked liminal to organise a practical way of introducing the architects to our way of hearing.

The Soundwalk

The only access to the site at present is around the perimeter along the canals and Fazeley Street. For the four points soundwalk we wanted to repeat the route that the architects had originally taken us on when initially introducing us to the Warwick Bar site. This involved walking from 122 Fazeley Street (the MADE offices) to the Digbeth Branch Canal, then turning along the Grand Union Canal, crossing the river Rea and finally coming back along Fazeley street.

In our original walk around the site boundary we noticed that there were significant differences in the acoustic quality of each corner of the boundary. To introduce the architects to an alternative way of experiencing the site we proposed that they walk the site **in silence**, **listening** and at each corner write down all the sounds that they could hear within a five minute period. Each participant listed what they heard.



Bob	Frances	Jayne	John	Mike
Hammering	Water bottle	Hammering	Hammering	Hammering
Drilling	dropped	Squeaking of metal	Sawing	Squeaking wheels?
Whining hum of	Clicking/ banging	on metal	Whining noise	Whir of fan
Machinery	Squealing to my right	Cars going past -	Lorry	Truck passing
Background hum of	Low level traffic	loud - soft	Low rhythmic hum	Low level
machinery	Door banging	Machine	Female voices	reverberation of
Commercial vehicle	Road traffic	Talking with echo	Helicopter	vehicle idling
engine noise	Wheeling in distance	Motorbike	++ train	Motorbike passing
Fan noise	Humming	Train - quiet -	Reversing vehicle?	revving
Coughing man	Distant conversation	distance	Seagull?	Single high-low bird
Motorcycle - 2	Coughing	High-pitched noise	Child's voice?	call
stroke engine noise	Female voice	in distance with	Machinery drill	Vehicle reversing
Pneumatic noise	Motorbike	sound of fork-lift	Beep, beep	Pressure pump
High-pitched	approaching and	truck	(reversing)	release
whining noise	passing	Distant noise -	Child's voice	Metal tool being
Little kid talking	Motorbike in	activity - industry	Bird chirps	dropped/ used
Car noise	distance	Pressure gun thing	Cars passing	Pneumatic drill/ tool
Bird singing	Cars passing		Bird	High-pitched bird
Fork-lift beeping	Industrial sound		'Doo doo'	calls
alert	Bus in distance		Beep beep	Pressure release or
High-pitched	Cars passing		Metal squeak	brakes
screech	Beeping		Voice	Footsteps
	Laugh/ cry			Muted car stereo
	Car passing			Safety siren/ vehicle
	Beeping/ reversing			reversing
	Car passing			
	Distant talking			
	Hydraulic brake			
	'psst' sound of			
	industry			
	Approaching			
	conversation			
	Approaching car			
	passing			
	Child talking			
	Driving by			
	Horn: beep, beep,			
	beep			
	Reversing beeping			
	Car passing			
	Beep, beep beep			
	Pressure			
	Alarm siren			
	Tripping steps			
	Rumbling			
	Person Walking past			
	Car Stereo			
	'um, England' female			
	voice			

Location A: Fazeley Street and Digbeth Branch Canal 12:37 - 12:42

Bob	Frances	Jayne	John	Mike
Concrete conveyer	Bike passing	Concrete works	Squeaking rails	Aggregate elevator
noise	Humming of train	engine noise	Lafarge machinery	track and gravel
Mountain bike	Rumble	Train slowing down	Aggregate falling	noise
Virgin train engine	Screeching train	brakes	repetitive	Pressure release on
Virgin train	brakes	Bike	Train brake	mechanism
screeching on	Screeching	Drilling/ deep sound	Tuba note (Lafarge)	Train brakes/ wheels
tracks/ braking?	Rumble	- Industry sawing	Tap, Tap last stone	on track screeching
Pneumatic pressure	Humming	Concrete works -	(Tuba note	Vibration of
release noise	'Psst' of industry	other noise	'pshh'	Joggers footfall
Vibrating machine	Low level rumble	Steam outlet noise	pshh) - Lafarge	Pedestrian
on Lafarge site	Runners footsteps	Birds - faint tweeting	Wind in	Diesel engine +
Birds singing	Walking man	Echo of shingle	'der dah' - train	track noise
Low-pitched	Blown paper	moving	Train	High-pitched whistle
machine hum	'psst'	Loud chirp of duck	Low thud	Elevator starting up
Rhythmic	Hum		Vehicle on gravel	Bird-call - clicking
hammering noise	'psst' hum rumble		'pshh'	noise
Vehicle noise from	drone of		Coughing	Reversing siren
concrete site	approaching train		Birds (Seagulls)	Extractor fan drone
Vehicle beeping	'psst' hum rumble		Bird call	High-pitched bird
alert	Train passing		Reversing beeps	call
Quieter virgin train	screech on rails Hum		'pshh'	Metal on metal
- no screeching	-		Squeaks	friction
Concrete pouring noise	'psst' Truck driving		Gravel release	Bird Call
noise	'psst' rumble			Camera bleep Jayne's Footsteps
	Rattle			Pressure release
	Banging on stone			i i essui e i elease
	Reverse beeping			
	'psst'			
	Low-level rumble			
	Coughing			
	Train approaching			
	Rustle of paper			
	'psst'			
	Beep and click of			
	camera			
	Duck quaking			
	Footsteps/ scrape			
	Beep reversing			
	'psst'			
	Coughing			
	Squeaking whining			
	industry			
	Falling rubble			
	Falling rubble			

Location B: Digbeth Branch Canal and Grand Union Canal 12:45 - 12:50

Bob	Frances	Jayne	John	Mike
Commercial Vehicle	Bird song	Road noise - traffic	Wind	Vehicle reversing
Noise	Beeping	moving in distance	Bird	siren
Car horn in distance	Banging of steel	Train track noise	Reversing noise	Train brake
Train noise	Rumbling in distance	Trees rustling	Distant bird calls	screeching
Birds singing	Road traffic noise	Birds	Bird-like machinery	Van horn
Duck noise	Crickets	Beep beep - alarm of	Reversing sound	Rail-track noises
High-pitched bird	'psst'	trucks	Bird song	Tone of diesel
'squawk'	Horn beeps	Chirp of specific	Bird call	engine
Bee/ wasp buzzing	Bird call	bird - not duck after	Wind	Repetitive bird call
round my head!	Train - electric in	all	Paper flapping	Loud bird call
Joggers on towpath	front to left	Tweeting of baby	Joggers approaching,	Metal clanking
Noise of ducks in	Beep reversing	ducks	and passing, panting	(scaffold)
the water	Wind in trees	Car accelerating	Distant machinery	Hammering
Baby ducks singing	Bird song	Pigeon flapping	beeps, whirs and	Joggers footsteps
and splashing	Beeping reversing	wings	hums	Ducking calls
Vehicle bleeping	Loud cheep cheep	Slight ripple of	Birds sing	Train horn in
alert	Falling stone	water	Horn beeps	distance
Aircraft noise	Banging truck	Aeroplane	Reversing noise	Loading 'knock' -
Quiet commuter	Bird	Stillness	Stronger wind	single
train	Flapping paper		Distant bird	Bird wings flapping
	Car horn		Water ripples	
	Running footsteps		Plane overhead	
	on gravel		Train passing	
	Runners footsteps			
	passing on brick			
	Bird splashing in			
	water			
	Beep beep beep			
	reversing			
	Delicate bird cheep			
	Distant road traffic			
	Beep beep beep			
	Train horn			
	Bird song			
	Wind in trees			
	Lapping water			
	Bird song			
	Train to left			
	Airplane above			
	Beep beep beep			
	reversing			
	Low level hum			
	Airplane above and			
	beyond Train passing			
	Traiii passiiig			

Location C: Grand Union Canal and River Rea 12:53 - 12:58

Bob	Frances	Jayne	John	Mike
Car alarm	Car alarm	Car alarm	Siren	Car Alarm
Engine at low revs	Cars	Road traffic	Cars rush past	Squeaking brakes
Cars passing	Lorries	Truck brakes	Lorry accelerate and	Hiss of engine (truck
Vans passing	Car alarm	Bus	brakes	pulling out)
Crashing noise from	Rumbling engine	Cars	Cars rush past	Rattle of van
machines/ press	Lorry	Hammering in	Trucks past	Repetitive
Rhythmic machine	Approaching car	background/	Clanking machinery	mechanical noise
Truck brakes	Approaching/ passing	rhythmic	(tonal)	(factory)
squeaking	car	Trucks - 50/ 50	Cars	Squeak of brakes
Truck hydraulic	Van approaching	noise	Bus clatters past	Release of pressure
noise	!! traffic	Beep horn of car	Cars pass	Car stereo
Car stereo	Umbrella click	Speeding car	Quiet machinery	Brakes squeaking
Motorcycle engine	Rumble distance		noise	John's phone
Car horn	Approaching car		Feet shuffle	Two-stroke moped
Bus noise	passing		Voices	engine
Boy-racer car with	Bus Approaching/		Lorry stops brake	Car horn
loud exhaust	passing		Cars pass	Whir of bus engine
	Distant beep beep		Music playing	Dropped metal
	Road traffic		Motorbike rattles	Car revving
	Rustle of paper		and chortles past	
	Distant conversation		Horn beeps	
	Cars passing both		Bus accelerates	
	directions		Cars pass	
	Distant engines		Low machinery	
	Rumble of lorry		whirs	
	approaching		Car goes through	
	Brake squeaks		gear	
	Rumble of Lorry		Seagulls	
	Reversing beep		Cars pass	
	Car stereo			
	Traffic noise			
	Rumble of brakes			
	Reversing lorry			
	Approaching lorry			
	Motorbike			
	Car horn			
	Distant quack?			
	Cars passing			
	Sniffing			
	Beeping			
	Rumble distant lorry			
	Car passing			
	Distant traffic noise			
	Scraping of feet			
	Motorbike			
	approaching			
	Cars passing			
	Cars passing			

Location D: River Rea and Fazeley Street 11:06 - 11:11

Research Tool

We developed the idea of the Four Points Soundwalk as a research tool and extended the audience to the general public. The initial context for this was the Birmingham Artsfest weekend held on 9 - 10 September 2006.

In addition to asking the participant to walk in Silence listening we also asked them to answer 3 questions about their overall experience of the sites soundscape:

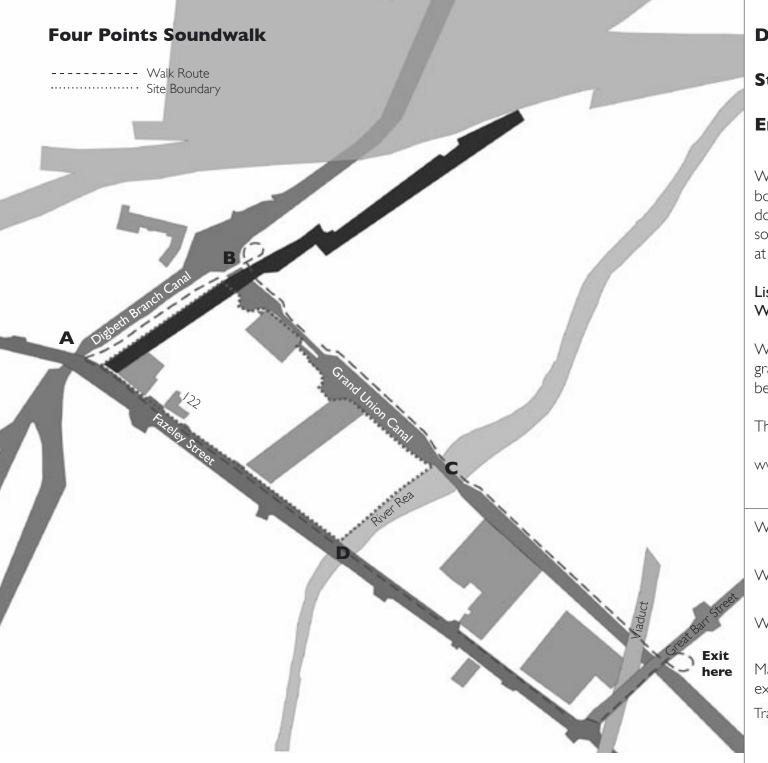
What was the most distinctive sound you heard?

What sound would you like to hear more of?

What sound would you like to hear less of?

We also asked them to qualify how tranquil/noisy the overall experience of the walk was and how tranquil/noisy they perceived each stopping point on their walk.

We received 3 responses! We are looking for an alternative opportunity to collect this data as it is our intention to quantify the information so that we can produce a noise/tranquility indicator for the soundscape across the site.



	Date:	
	Start Time:	
1	End Time:	

We would like you to take a walk around the boundary of the Warwick Bar site and write down on the other side of this page all the sounds that you can hear over a 5 minute period at each of the four points marked on the site.

Listen carefully Walk in silence

When you have finished the walk we would be grateful if you could answer the questions set out below.

Thank-you.

www.liminal.org.uk

What was the most distinctive sound you heard?

What sound would you like to hear more of?

What sound would you like to hear less of?

Make a mark on the line indicating your overall experience of the walk.

Tranquil Noisy

A	В
Fazeley Street/ Digbeth Branch Canal Start Time End Time	Digbeth Branch Canal / Grand Union Cana Start Time End Time
LIIU TIITIC	LIIG TITTIC
What was your overall experience of the last 5 minutes.	What was your overall experience of the last 5 minutes.

Tranquil

C Grand Union Canal / River Rea Start Time End Time -----

D River Rea / Fazeley Street Start Time End Time -----

Noisy Tranquil Noisy What was your overall experience of the last 5 minutes.

Tranquil Noisy Tranquil

What was your overall experience of the last 5 minutes.

Noisy

A Space to Hear – Warwick Bar Soundwalk

Warwick Bar Soundwalk

In addition to the work that we had been asked to carry out as part of our research role as Lead Artists for the Warwick Bar Masterplan, MADE asked if we would produce a piece of work for the Birmingham Artsfest weekend as part of Artsfest Eastside.

We created a pre-recorded composition that visitors to the gallery at 122 Fazeley Street could listen to on an MP3 player as they walked around the environs surrounding the development site.

A CD of the soundwalk is included in this report.



Warwick Bar eFlyer



Warwick Bar Soundwalk

As part of the Birmingham Artsfest, Liminal will present the Warwick Bar Soundwalk developed in response to their role as lead artists for the Warwick Bar masterplan. The Soundwalk can be experienced on Saturday 9th and Sunday 10th of September between 12.00 noon and 6.00 pm by picking up an MP3 player from 122 Fazeley Street.

12pm - 6 pm, Saturday 9th September - Sunday 10th September, 122 Fazeley Street, Birmingham, B5 5RS











Visitor Numbers

Day	Event	Total Visitor Numbers	Soundwalk
Friday 8 September	Preview	14	12
Saturday 9 September	Public	130	57
Sunday 10 September	Public	50	13
TOTAL for Event		194	77









Warwick Bar Soundwalk - Developments

Spot Radio Liminal also discussed the work and presented extracts from the soundwalk on Spot Radio

during the ArtsFest. Canadian based artist Germaine Koh invited the local community to operate Spot Radio – "a low power FM radio station stored in a suitcase to provide a mobile

tool for the public to air their views and opinions." (http://www.vivid.org.uk/projects.php?work=34)

Building Design The project was made reference to in Spotcheck: West Midlands (page 7) in the 22 Septem-

ber 2006 edition of Building Design

Resonance FM An edited version of the Soundwalk will be broadcast on Resonance FM on the provisional

date of 24 October 2006.

BBC Radio 3 We have been invited by radio 3 to submit a proposal to create a programme for 'between

the ears' based on the initial research for the Soundwalk.

Desire Lines We have been invited to present the Warwick Bar Soundwalk as an exhibition, at Desire

Lines, the second international Arts & Ecology symposium at Dartington College for the Arts,

Devon. 25-27 October (www.desirelines.org.uk)

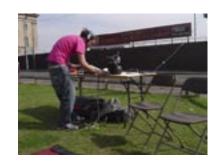
Sound As Art We have been invited to present a paper 'Soundwalking as a Research Tool: Some thoughts

on the use of Soundwalking in the Warwick Bar development project' for the Sound As Art: Blurring of Boundaries conference, part of Aberdeen's 'Urban November' season. 24-26

November. (http://www.urbannovember.org/conference/)

Situation Leeds '07 We are currently in discussions with Situation Leeds about the possibility of presenting this

project as part of the Situation Leeds '07 festival.







Noise Mapping

Context

By using quantitative 'noise mapping' techniques it is possible to consider the likely influence that a development may have on the existing soundscape of the Warwick Bar area. Currently Birmingham City Council have only modelled noise levels from traffic, but by looking at the Decibel levels of road traffic noise from Fazeley Street, Great Barr Street and the other roads in the area it is possible to see the current affect of the noise levels on the site (see map on next page).

Andrew Jellyman, acoustician for the Birmingham City Council explains that:

The map has been calculated using predicted road traffic flows and speeds from the West Midlands transportation model 'PRISM' and is for the daytime period of 0700-1900 hours. LAeq is the A Weighted Equivalent Continuous Sound Level and is effectively an 'average' noise level commonly used to describe environmental noise.

It takes into account the screening effects of all buildings over $25m^2$ and includes true building height information. The data 'freeze' date was 2004 so any buildings built or demolished after that will not be taken account of." (email 16/08/06)

By using the data that is available to the City Council it is possible to predict the noise levels that the future development may present to its inhabitants during the day, evening and night time periods.

Andrew Jellyman has shown an active interest in our work and has committed to provide a noise map for the current evening and night-time noise levels.

Fazeley Street - Predicted day noise level (LAeq)



Noise Map for Daytime LAeq

Courtesy of Birmingham City Council, Regulatory Services Department, EPU Acoustics' data is based on Ordnance Survey Mapping.

Predictive Noise Mapping

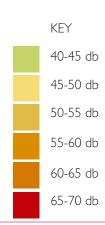
As part of our input to the masterplanning process we are interested in exploring the potential of creating specific acoustic characteristics for different areas in the overall development.

To start this process we have created two illustrations of noise maps that demonstrate what the influence of the noise from traffic has on the overall noise levels on the site. The first map is based on Kinetic's proposed layout (F100 revision C) created on 2 August 2006. We have proposed an alternative layout that brings more of the water into the site, exploring the possibility of creating more quiet areas within the main development. We have not taken into account economics, profit margins or the use of the buildings but have only considered the proposal from the perspective of controlling the ingress of road traffic noise.

Both the noise maps have been generated without the use of the Birmingham City Council's noise mapping programme and are indicative only. It would be possible for future proposals from Kinetic to be modelled for actual predicted noise levels with the assistance of Birmingham City Council.

Future Developments

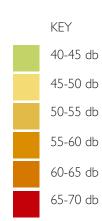
A future development of this way of working would be for liminal and Kinetic to devise a strategy for the types of sound qualities that we would like across the site, looking initially at the simple continuum of noisy to quiet. This initial qualification could then be developed to look at more qualitative ideas of 'busy', 'tranquil', 'buzzy', 'calm', 'stimulating' etc.



Noise Map 01

This noise map is indicative only and based on Kinetic's proposed layout as shown on F100 revision C





Noise Map 02

This noise map is indicative only and based on a proposal by liminal which reintroduces the filled in basins. The proposal is directed by concerns for controlling noise from road traffic and does not take into account use of buildings, economics or profit margins.



Perception of Noise

Noise mapping is only one way of quantifying the experience of noise on the site as this exchange of emails between us and Andrew Jellyman demonstrates.

"In our personal experience of the site, the road traffic is perceptibly much louder at the point where the river Rea crosses Fazeley street than at the point where the Birmingham Canal meets Fazeley street, which obviously can not be picked up on this map." (extract from email)

from Frances Crow to Andrew Jellyman on 16 August 2006)

"...some variations in noise level may be masked by the 5dB bands. Also, the limitations of the calculation model may not show everything exactly as it is... It's validity at relatively low traffic flows is not guaranteed. Because of this limitation we have set all roads that fall outside the validity range to the lowest valid traffic flow. Fazeley Street is not one of these, but I think the roads running onto it may be. This may have the effect of over predicting noise levels which is in line with the precautionary principle in EC environmental legislation...

It might be worth pointing out that a change in noise level of 3dB is only just noticeable whereas a change of IOdB is a doubling or halving of subjective loudness. Bear in mind that doubling the traffic flow will only increase the noise level by 3dB. The relationship to speed is rather more significant as increasing/decreasing traffic speed by a factor of 2 will result in a 9dB change in noise level or nearly a doubling/halving of subjective noise level. There are validity range issues with this as well as reverse relationships with air pollution, but then that is getting a bit complicated.......! (extract from email from Andrew Jellyman 16 August 2006)

References

Sound Concious Urban Design factsheets, GLA http://www.london.gov.uk/mayor/strategies/noise/index.jsp

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What next...

From this initial survey we believe that Warwick Bar has the potential to be an exemplary development in terms of its sonic character. We hope the project will become well known for what it achieves in this area

Following the feasibility sign-off, we understand that the next stage of the proposals will be developed between December 2006 and March 2007. We envisage our role in this process to include the following:

Soundmarks

- Listing soundmarks in the Eastside area that effect the Warwick Bar Development
- Making proposals for the reinstatement of historic soundmarks
- The addition of new sound-sources within the masterplan as 'place-makers'

Environmental acoustic design

- Further exploration of noise mapping with Kinetic and ISIS and Birmingham City Council
- Research into existing environmental acoustic design techniques

Biological Sound Design

• Explore the potential of what we are referring to as 'Biological Sound Design' – i.e. the strategic use of planting schemes that might actively effect the sonic character of a site – by the sounds of the plants themselves, the other sounds they mask, the sounds of the wildlife they attract and possible changes in human behavior they suggest. This research would require close collaboration with both Kinetic and Latz and Partners landscape architects.

Orientation

• Explore the use of sound as a navigational aid

Artistic Intervention

• Suggest possible models for artistic intervention in the later stages of the project

Dissemination

• Through publications, presentations, broadcasts and events

References

Hedfors, P. & Berg, P. G. (2003). The sounds of two landscape settings: auditory concepts for physical planning and design. Landscape Research, 28(3), 245-263.

Kang, J. Yang, W. & Zhang M. (2004). Sound Environment and Acoustic Comfort in Urban Spaces. in Editor: Nikolopoulou, M. Designing Open Spaces in the Urban Environment: a Bioclimatic Approach, RUROS. European Commission.

Graham, C. (2004) Considering Sound in Restorative Landscapes, University of Guelph PhD Thesis.

Appendix I - Sound Material on CDs

CD 01 Warwick Bar Soundwalk

CD 02 Audio recording of Picnic conversation between liminal and Kinetic on 19 July 2006

CD 03 Audio recording of Picnic Four Points Soundwalk on 19 July 2006

Appendix 2 - Visitor Book Comments

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Name + Email

Michael o Wendy (vior michael prior @ Hiscolice at

Julit always jedevans Donatel com

FER BARREROR F.je batchebr@gmail.com

Staft Conett kinell. Lunder@ Shegorder. w. uk

Andrea y John spirals @ madasofish com

Gomme

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Name + Email

ABIGAIL DAVEY abidavey 21@yahoo. co.uk

CHRIS POOLMAN

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Comment

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